

Potrero Power Plant - Offshore Sediment Area Remediation Project

Bay Conservation and
Development Commission

Commission Hearing on
M2017.05-003

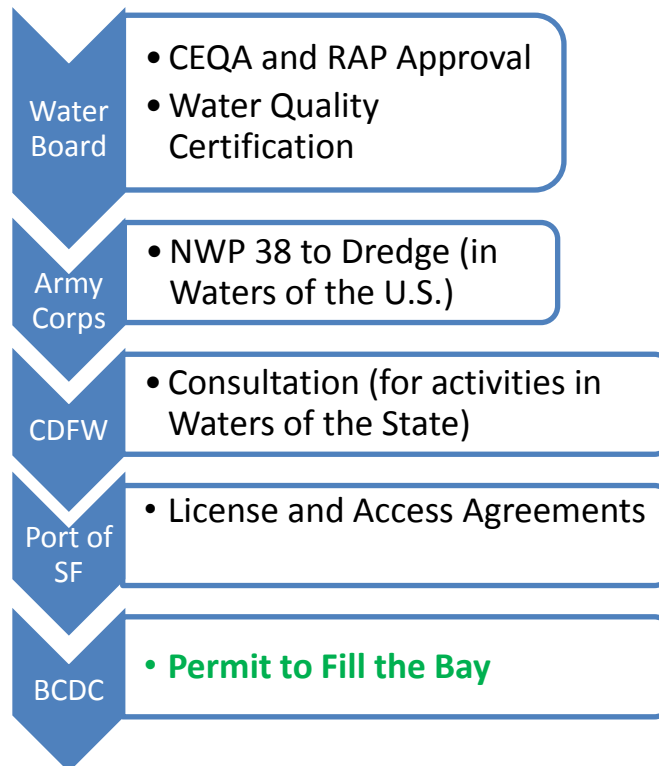
21 February 2019

Potrero Power Plant – Areas of Concern



Inter-Agency Permitting Process

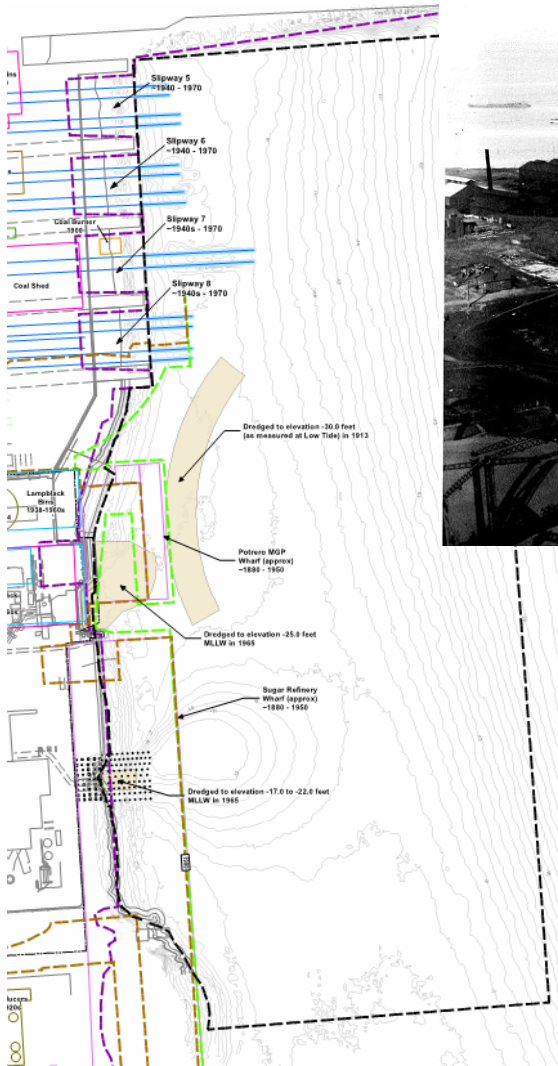
- Early Buy-in on Remedial Design
- Collaborative Inter-Agency Process



Inter-Agency Group Begun Working in 2009

- Water Board
- Port of SF
- EPA
- BCDC
- CDFW
- NOAA/NMFS
- USACE
- SFDPH

Site History - Over a Century of Industrial Activity



Above - MGP Operations in the early 1900s

Below – Former Power Plant and Revetment Area (foreground)



- 1872 to 1930 – Historical fill
- PG&E operated MGP 1906 to 1930
- 1883 to 1950 – Sugar Refining
- 1910 to 1960s – Station A Power Generation
- 1965 to 2011 – Power Plant Unit 3 Operations
- 1999 – PG&E sold the Power Plant

Remedial Action Objectives

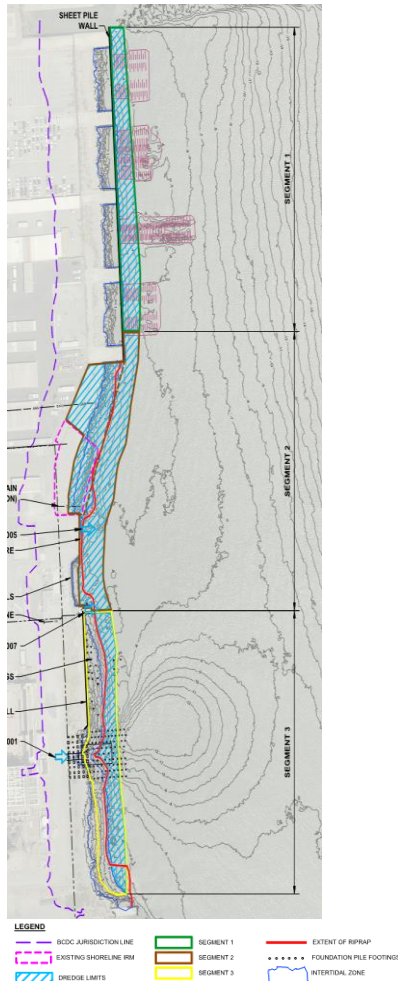
- Mitigate the potential for exposure of fish to PAHs that bioaccumulate in sediment organisms at concentrations greater than in the Ambient Area organisms
- Mitigate potential future exposure of humans to impacted sediment within areas accessible to wading



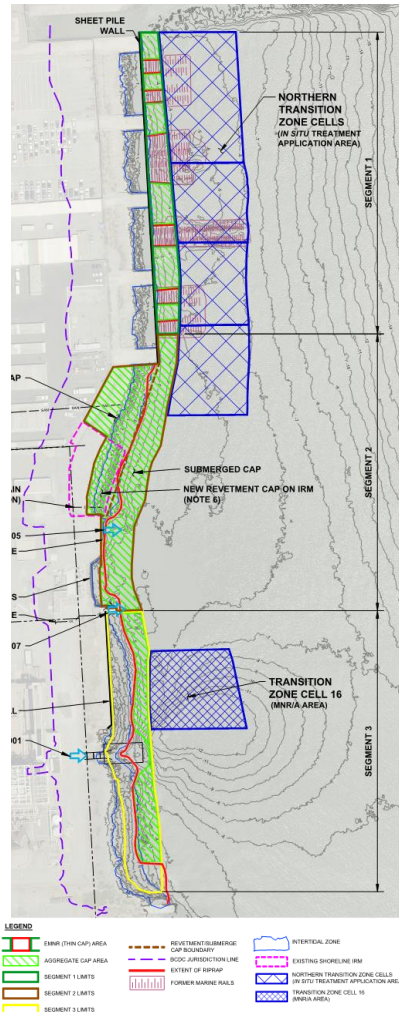
Remnant of Spreckle's Sugar Refinery Wharf

Remediation Activities

Dredge Areas



Cap/*In Situ*/MNRA Areas



- **Dredge and Cap by Segment**
 - Segment 1 – ~ 2 to 3 ft over 20,324 SF
 - Segment 2 – ~5 to 7 ft over 31,278 SF
 - Segment 3 – ~2 to 3 ft over 12,357 SF
- ***In Situ* Treatment**
 - Addition of activated carbon amendment of less than 2-in thickness over 74,275 SF
- **Monitored Natural Recovery/Attenuation**
 - Allow natural capping in Cell 16 over 18,731 SF

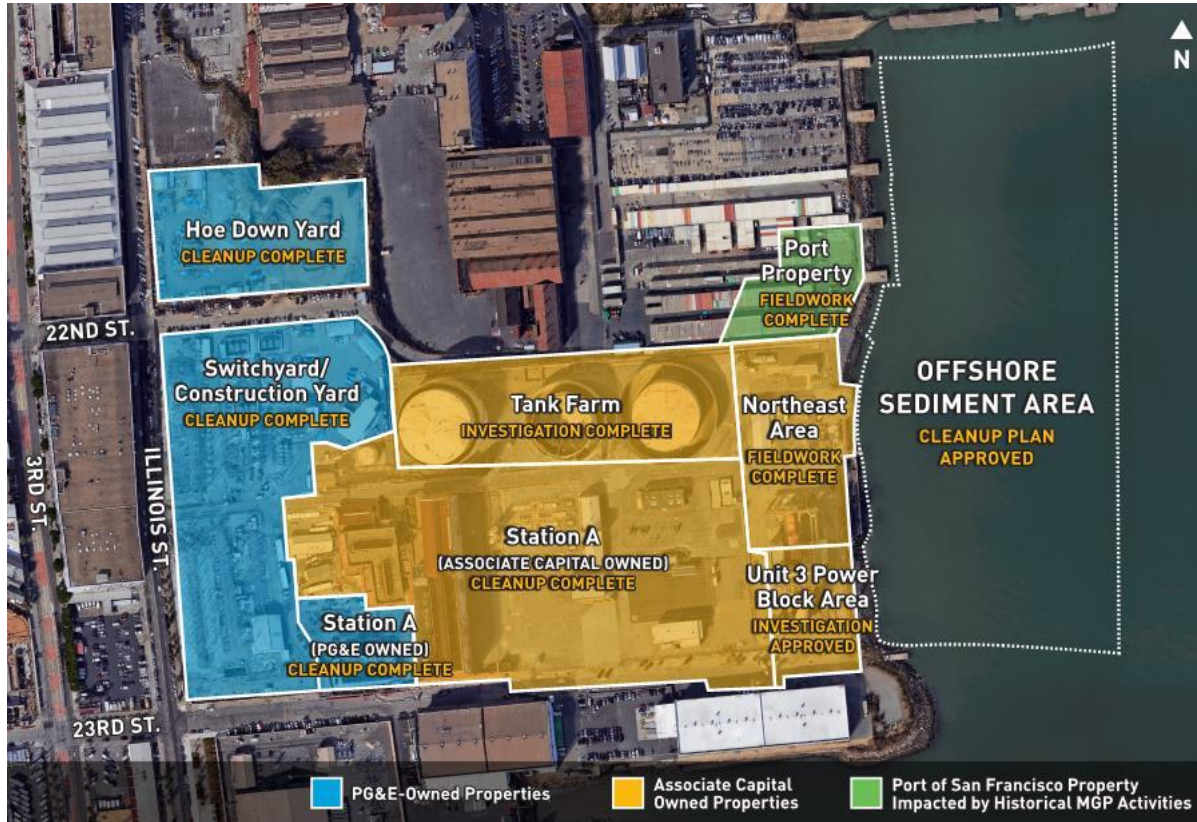
Project Implementation

- Work Window – June 1 to Nov 30
 - 2019 Construction Window
- Resource Monitoring During Construction
 - Turbidity controls and water quality monitoring
- Long term Monitoring - RRMP
 - Cap stability and erosion
 - MNR/A progress
 - *In situ* treatment and MNR/A monitoring for bioaccumulation



**Use of environmental
bucket within turbidity
curtains**

Project Benefits



- Overall Net Benefit to the Environment
- No Net Fill
- Minimizes disturbance of health benthic communities
- Cap design promotes natural depositional processes and recolonization of native benthic organisms
- Reduces risk to future shoreline users
- Allows for future shoreline improvements

THANK YOU

Q&A